

**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
REFERRED TO THE PEOPLE BY THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

**ISSUE NO. 2
(Popular Name)**

A Constitutional Amendment Adding as a Qualification to Vote that a Voter Present Certain Valid Photographic Identification When Casting a Ballot in Person or Casting an Absentee Ballot

(Ballot Title)

AN AMENDMENT TO THE ARKANSAS CONSTITUTION CONCERNING THE PRESENTATION OF VALID PHOTOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION WHEN VOTING; REQUIRING THAT A VOTER PRESENT VALID PHOTOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION WHEN VOTING IN PERSON OR WHEN CASTING AN ABSENTEE BALLOT; AND PROVIDING THAT THE STATE OF ARKANSAS ISSUE PHOTOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION AT NO CHARGE TO ELIGIBLE VOTERS LACKING PHOTOGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION.

- FOR
 AGAINST

**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
PROPOSED BY PETITION OF THE
PEOPLE**

**ISSUE NO. 3
(Popular Name)**

Arkansas Term Limits Amendment

(Ballot Title)

A proposed amendment to the Arkansas Constitution concerning term limits for members of the Arkansas General Assembly; to provide that no person may be elected to more than three (3) two-year terms as a member of the House of Representatives, to more than two (2) four-year terms as a member of the Senate, or to any term that, if served, would cause the member to exceed a total of ten (10) years of service in the General Assembly; to repeal Section 2(c) of Amendment 73 that established a years-of-service limit on members of the General Assembly of sixteen (16) years; to provide that the ten-year service limit shall include all two (2) and four (4) year terms, along with full years of any partial term served as a result of a special election to fill a vacancy; to apply the limits to terms and service in the General Assembly on and after January 1, 1993; to provide that this amendment shall not cut short or invalidate a term to which a member of the General Assembly was elected prior to the effective date of this amendment; to provide that notwithstanding the General Assembly's constitutional authority to propose amendments to the Constitution, the General Assembly shall not have the authority to propose an amendment to the Constitution regarding term limits for the House of Representatives or Senate, and to continue reserving that power to the people under Article 5, Section 1, as amended by Amendment 7; and to declare that if any provision of this amendment should be held invalid, the remainder shall stand.

- FOR
 AGAINST

**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
PROPOSED BY PETITION OF THE
PEOPLE**

**ISSUE NO. 4
(Popular Name)**

An Amendment to Require Four Licenses to be Issued for Casino Gaming at Casinos, One Each in Crittenden (to Southland Racing Corporation), Garland (to Oaklawn Jockey Club, Inc.), Pope, and Jefferson Counties

(Ballot Title)

An amendment to the Arkansas Constitution to require that the Arkansas Racing Commission issue licenses for casino gaming to be conducted at four casinos in Arkansas, being subject to laws enacted by the General Assembly in accord with this amendment and regulations issued by the Arkansas Racing Commission ("Commission"); defining "casino gaming" as dealing, operating, carrying on, conducting, maintaining, or exposing for play any game played with cards, dice, equipment, or any mechanical, electromechanical, or electronic device or machine for money, property, checks, credit, or any representative value, as well as accepting wagers on sporting events; providing that individuals under 21 are prohibited from engaging in casino gaming; providing that the Commission shall issue four casino licenses, one to Southland Racing Corporation ("Southland") for casino gaming at a casino to be located at or adjacent to Southland's greyhound track and gaming facility in Crittenden County, one to Oaklawn Jockey Club, Inc. ("Oaklawn") to require casino gaming at a casino to be located at or adjacent to Oaklawn's horse track and gaming facility in Garland County, one to an applicant to require casino gaming at a casino to be located in Pope County within two miles of Russellville, and one to an applicant to require casino gaming at a casino to be located in Jefferson County within two miles of Pine Bluff; providing that upon receiving a casino license, licensees will be required to conduct casino gaming for as long as they have a casino license providing that Southland and Oaklawn do not have to apply for a license and will automatically receive a casino license upon the Commission adopting rules and regulations to govern casino gaming; providing that the Commission shall require all applicants for the two remaining casino licensees, one in Pope County and one in Jefferson County to pay an application fee, demonstrate experience in conducting casino gaming, and submit either a letter of support from the county judge or a resolution from the county quorum court in the county where the casino would be located and, if the proposed casino is to be located within a city, a letter of support from the mayor of that city; providing that the Commission shall regulate all casino licensees; defining "net casino gaming receipts" as casino gaming receipts less amounts paid out or reserved as winnings to casino patrons; providing that for each fiscal year, a casino licensee's net casino gaming receipts are subject to a net casino gaming receipts tax of 13% on the first \$150,000,000 of net casino gaming receipts or any part thereof, and 20% on net casino gaming receipts exceeding \$150,000,001 or any part thereof; providing that no other tax, other than the net casino gaming receipts tax, may be imposed on gaming receipts or net casino gaming receipts; providing that the net casino gaming receipts tax shall be distributed 55% to the State of Arkansas General Revenue Fund, 17.5% to the Commission for deposit into the Arkansas Racing Commission Purse and Awards Fund to be used only for purses for live horse racing and greyhound racing by Oaklawn and Southland, as the case may be, 8% to the county in which the casino is located, and 19.5% to the city in which the casino is located, provided that if the casino is not located within a city, then the county in which the casino is located shall receive the 19.5%; permitting casino licensees to conduct casino gaming on any day for any portion of all of any day; permitting casino licensees to sell liquor or provide complimentary servings of liquor during all hours in which the casino licensees conduct casino gaming only for on-premises consumption at the casinos and permitting casino licensees to sell liquor or provide complimentary servings of liquor without allowing the residents of a dry county or city to vote to approve the sale of liquor, providing that casino licensees shall purchase liquor from a licensed Arkansas wholesaler; permitting shipments of gambling devices that are duly registered, recorded, and labeled in accordance with federal law into any county in which casino gaming is authorized; declaring that all constitutional provisions, statutes, and common law of the state that conflict with this amendment are not to be applied to this Amendment.

- FOR
 AGAINST

**ACT PROPOSED BY PETITION OF THE
PEOPLE**

**ISSUE NO. 5
(Popular Name)**

An Act to Increase the Arkansas Minimum Wage

(Ballot Title)

An Act to amend the Arkansas Code concerning the State minimum wage; the Act would raise the current State minimum wage from eight dollars and fifty cents (\$8.50) per hour to nine dollars and twenty-five cents (\$9.25) per hour on January 1, 2019, to ten dollars (\$10.00) per hour on January 1, 2020, and to eleven dollars (\$11.00) per hour on January 1, 2021

- FOR
 AGAINST

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTER

1. Vote for a candidate by blackening the oval (●) beside the candidate's name. Vote on amendments, acts, issues, and measures by placing an appropriate mark below the measure either FOR or AGAINST.
2. Use the marking device provided.
3. If you vote for more than one candidate in a race, your vote in that race will not count. If you make a mistake on your ballot, return it to an election official for a replacement ballot. You may replace up to two ballots in an election.

AUDITOR OF STATE
VOTE FOR ONE

- Auditor Andrea Lea
REPUBLICAN
- David E. Dinwiddie
LIBERTARIAN

COMMISSIONER OF STATE LANDS
VOTE FOR ONE

- Larry Williams
DEMOCRATIC
- Tommy Land
REPUBLICAN
- T.J. Campbell
LIBERTARIAN

NONPARTISAN JUDICIAL RUNOFF ELECTION

**STATE SUPREME COURT
ASSOCIATE JUSTICE
POSITION 3**
VOTE FOR ONE

- David Sterling
NONPARTISAN
- State Supreme Court Justice Courtney Goodson
NONPARTISAN

U.S. CONGRESS DISTRICT 01
VOTE FOR ONE

- Congressman Rick Crawford
REPUBLICAN
- Elvis Presley
LIBERTARIAN
- Chintan Desai
DEMOCRATIC

GOVERNOR
VOTE FOR ONE

- Jared K. Henderson
DEMOCRATIC
- Mark West
LIBERTARIAN
- Governor Asa Hutchinson
REPUBLICAN

CLEBURNE COUNTY - COUNTY JUDGE
VOTE FOR ONE

- Judge Jerry Holmes
REPUBLICAN
- Tom Mix
INDEPENDENT

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
VOTE FOR ONE

- Frank Gilbert
LIBERTARIAN
- Lt. Governor Tim Griffin
REPUBLICAN
- Anthony Bland
DEMOCRATIC

CLEBURNE COUNTY-CIRCUIT CLERK
VOTE FOR ONE

- Heather Smith
REPUBLICAN

ATTORNEY GENERAL
VOTE FOR ONE

- Kerry Hicks
LIBERTARIAN
- Attorney General Leslie Rutledge
REPUBLICAN
- Mike Lee
DEMOCRATIC

SECRETARY OF STATE
VOTE FOR ONE

- John Thurston Commissioner of State Lands
REPUBLICAN
- Christopher Olson
LIBERTARIAN
- Susan Inman
DEMOCRATIC

STATE TREASURER
VOTE FOR ONE

- Ashley Ewald
LIBERTARIAN
- Treasurer of State Dennis Milligan
REPUBLICAN

**CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
REFERRED TO THE PEOPLE BY THE
GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

**ISSUE NO. 1
(Popular Name)**

An Amendment Concerning Civil Lawsuits and the Powers of the General Assembly and Supreme Court to Adopt Court Rules.

(Ballot Title)

A proposed amendment to the Arkansas Constitution providing that a contingency fee for an attorney in a civil lawsuit shall not exceed thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3 %) of the net recovery; defining "contingency fee" as an attorney's fee that is paid only if the claimant recovers money; providing that the General Assembly may amend the foregoing percentage by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of each house; limiting punitive damages awards for each claimant in lawsuits for personal injury, property damage, or wrongful death to the greater of (i) five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000), or (ii) three (3) times the amount of compensatory damages awarded; defining "punitive damages" as damages assessed to punish and deter wrongful conduct; providing that the General Assembly may not decrease the foregoing limitations on punitive damages but may increase the limitations by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of each house; providing that the limitations on punitive damages do not apply if the factfinder determines by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant intentionally pursued a course of conduct for the purpose of causing injury or damage to the claimant and that such intentional conduct harmed the claimant; limiting awards of non-economic damages in lawsuits for personal injury, property damage, or wrongful death to (i) five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for each claimant, or (ii) five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for all beneficiaries of an individual deceased person in the aggregate in a lawsuit for wrongful death; defining "non-economic damages" as damages that cannot be measured in money, including pain and suffering, mental and emotional distress, loss of life or companionship, or visible result of injury; providing that the General Assembly may not decrease the foregoing limitations on non-economic damages but may increase the limitations by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of each house; providing that the General Assembly shall adopt a procedure to adjust the dollar limitations on punitive damages and non-economic damages in future years to account for inflation or deflation; providing that the Supreme Court's power to prescribe rules of pleading, practice, and procedure for courts is subject to the provisions of this amendment; providing that the General Assembly, by a three-fifths vote of each house, may amend or repeal a rule prescribed by the Supreme Court and may adopt other rules of pleading, practice, or procedure on its own initiative; providing that rules of pleading, practice, and procedure in effect on January 1, 2019, shall continue in effect until amended, superseded, or repealed under the provisions of this amendment; providing that a rule of pleading, practice, or procedure enacted by the General Assembly shall supersede a conflicting rule of pleading, practice, or procedure prescribed by the Supreme Court; providing that certain other rules promulgated by the Supreme Court may be annulled or amended by a three-fifths (3/5) vote of each house of the General Assembly instead of a two-thirds (2/3) vote as presently stated in the Arkansas Constitution; and providing that this amendment becomes effective on January 1, 2019.

- FOR
- AGAINST

CONTINUE VOTING ON BACK